DEMOCRATS CONCEDE IT BY 35,000

Former Also Claim State Ticket and Twelve Congressmen.

ATTITUDE OF HOLLANDERS

Special Correspondence of The Evening Star. GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Nov. 3, 1900. The prospects as viewed by the republicans indicate that McKinley will carry the state by 70,000, that the republican state ticket will be elected by a plurality not far behind the vote on the national ticket, that the twelve members of Congress will be republican, as now, and that the legislature will be republican by an overwhelming majority. These calculations are based on careful canvasses covering nearly every county in the state and are believed to be

within safe bounds. The democrats concede that the republicans will carry the state on the national ticket, but figure that the plurality will not exceed 30,000 or 35,000. They think that Maybury may pull through for governor, but do not venture predictions in a statistical form. They look upon the second, third and seventh districts as possibly democratio on the congressional ticket, and put the fifth and eighth districts in the doubtful column. They expect to make substantial gains in the legislature, but do not confess to any serious hopes of gaining control of the law-making body. The democratic claims are based on a miscellaneous sort of canvass in certain districts and then strik-

order directing as to the arrangement or the ticket on the official ballot. The election commissioners in Wayne county decided that the national ticket should have first place on the official ballot, then the first place on the omean band, then the state ticket, followed by the congressional, legislative and county. Campau demanded that the state ticket be given first place, and the court ruled that his contention was right. Campau's appeal was looked upon in republican circles as a confession that the national ticket needed the assistance of the state ticket to pull it through. Four state ticket to pull it through. Four years ago any suggestion to subordinate the national ticket would have been the

signal for a fight.

The Detroit politicians have fallen into a habit which obtains nowhere else in the habit which obtains nowhere else in the state and in few other places in the country. The candidates make use of the advertising columns of the newspapers and their cuts and virtues are conspicuously displayed alongside of the different brands of baking powder and soap. The advertising managers seem to be guided by a non-partisan spirit, as the advertisements of republican and democratic candidates appear side by side, with little regard to the political leanings of the paper itself. The Fifth Congressional District.

One of the liveliest campaigns in the state has been going on in this the fifth congressional district, where William Alden Smith is candidate for re-election against William F. McKnight. When the campaign opened there was a serious disturbance among the Hollanders, because of the attitude of the government on the Boer question. The democrats in every manner possible tried to make use of this sentiment and brought Webster Davis, Envoy Wesand brought Webster Davis, Envoy Wessels and several other speakers into the district to encourage it. At one time the situation looked serious, but several of the most influential Holland preachers were enlisted and other influences were brought to bear, and as a result the close of the campaign finds the Holland vote almost as solidly republican as it ever was. One of the active agents in bringing this about was the Rev. Dr. Peter Moerdyke, pastor of the Holland Reformed Church of Chicago, which Governor Roosevelt attended when in Chicago on his campaigning tours. Dr. Moerdyke was long pastor of the lead-Dr. Moerdyke was long pastor of the lead-ing Dutch Reformed Church in this city and has a wide acquaintance in the district Smith will be re-elected by a majority ex-

BLISS SURE OF MICHIGAN. Republican Candidate for Governor Issues a Statement.

By Associated Press. DETROIT, Mich., November 5.-The day before election dawned clear and cool and bright in Michigan, giving prospect of a pleasant day tomorrow. A majority of the candidates throughout the state are putting the finishing touches to their campaigns today. Mayor Maybury of Detroit, the democratic candidate for governor, is spending the last day of the campaign in Detroit.

the made a number of speeches in different hie made a number of speeches in different parts of the city during the day. The republican gubernatorial candidate, Col. A. T. Bliss of Saginaw, issued a state-ment today, saying he had no doubt of the outcome of tomorrow's election. He predicts republican success throughout. Col. Buss is speaking in his home county today and will end the campaign with a large meeting in Alpena tonight.

MERE QUESTION OF MAJORITY.

Maine's Electorial Vote is Certain for Wm. McKinley.

PORTLAND, Me., November 5.-With only one day intervening before the national election, the voters of Maine appar far more interested in the outcome of the balloting in other states than in their

In Maine, as usual, the only question is how large the republican majority will be, and even this apparently does not interest the voters in general to any great extent.

There were no indications today that either party will make any unusual effort to bring out a big vote, and a quiet, uneventful election day is expected.

CHINESE REBELS FALL BACK. Boats Now Running From Pak-Lo to Hu-Chan.

HONG KONG, November 5.-Reports from Canton say the East river rebels have moved up the river and boats are now running from Pak-lo to Hu-chan. It is considered probable that the rebellion will shortly die out. The reformers admit that the rising was premature and that they had not a sufficient supply of arms.

As the French demand the execution of the leaders in the Shek Lung riots, placards have been posted throughout the town urging the people to slaughter the for eigners if the demands are pressed.

TRIED TO SELL CODE BOOK.

A Former British Consular Officer Arraigned on the Churge.

LONDON, November 5.-F. F. Hodgkingson, formerly British vice consul at Bremerhaven, was remanded at Bow street police court today on the charge of stealing and trying to sell to a foreign country a secret code book of the foreign office.

THE BERRYSBURG DISASTER.

Lutest Reports Give Thirteen Dead

and Eight Fatally Injured. PHILIPPI, W. Va., November 5.-The latest reports from the ill-fated mine at Berrysburg show that thirteen are dead, eight of whom have been recognized and three are so seriously injured that they cannot recover. A dozen theories are advanced as to the cause of the explosion. Coroner W. G. Keys held an inquest. It was a long one, starting yesterday after-noon at 3 o'clock and continuing without interruption until 5 o'clock this morning.

Two men were found dead in a part of the mine which had been abandoned. The door

at the mouth of the mine was shut and the men were blown 250 feet from the mouth.

BUT DELAWARE WILL PROBABLY GO REPUBLICAN.

Single Tax Vote Will Cut Into the Strength of the Demo-

crats.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star,

WILMINGTON, Del., November 5 .- The campaign in Delaware, which practically ended on Saturday night, has been one of unusual activity on all sides, but the interest in the results is by no means abated because all parties are lying on their oars awaiting the end of the struggle on Tues-

Both the democrats and republicans are claiming the victory, while the single taxers are exuberant over the showing which they will make, and claim that their vote will materially decrease the democratic

So far as figures are concerned, the republicans count on at least 2,500 plurality in New Castle county, 400 in Kent county and 300 in Sussex county, with other esti-mates by the more sanguine and less knowing as high as 5,000 plurality. Should the weather be fine on Tuesday a conservative figure would be from 2,500 to 3,000. Mr. Hunn, republican candidate for gov-ernor, will not fall far short of the plural-ity for the national ticket, although the democrats, as a last contribution to the campaign, published yesterday a sworn statement showing that he had been af-fillated in a most active manner with the Addicks faction of the party, but it is unlikely this will have much weight with the voters. Mr. Cannon, for lieutenant governor, will be elected with Mr. Hunn, which is of material importance, in view of the possibility of a tie in the legislature. The possibility of a de in die legislature.
The result of the contest for legislative candidates will be remarkably close, the indications having pointed to a democratic majority on joint ballot, and it is futile to predict the result.

redict the result.

The last gun fired by the republicans was the law-making body. The democratic claims are based on a miscellaneous sort of canvass in certain districts and then striking averages and percentages.

The republican claims are best entitled to credence, and it is likely will not come far from the election day facts.

D. J. Campan's Appeal.

An interesting episode in the closing of the campaign was the appeal of Chairman D. J. Campan to the supreme court for an D. J. Campan to the supreme court for an election of the courts. The whole thing would get in the courts. The whole thing would get in the courts. The whole thing was the appeal of chairman against a statement said to emanate from the republicans was a statement said to emanate from the republicans was a statement said to emanate from the republican first district committee, which was published in an evening paper, alleging that a certain magistrate and a companion had offered to a party of colored men \$500 for the delivery of thirty-five votes to the democratic party. The allegation is, of course, denied by the magistrate, and it looks as if the matter would get in the courts. The whole thing was published in an evening paper, alleging that a certain magistrate and a companion had offered to a party of colored men \$500 for the democratic party. D. J. Campau to the supreme court for an has given quite a sensational ending to the

As the results in the state practically de-pend upon the vote of New Castle county, returns of which should be had by midnight. Delaware's vote for President be known as quickly as that of any other state. Returns from the lower counties will come in very slowly. The closing days of the campaign bring

with them the usual charges of fraud and corruption. There seems to be little truth in the allegations of either party, and it is a fact that the utmost vigilance is being exercised on all hands to prevent any underbanded wraptions. derhanded practices.

Mr. Saulsbury, the democratic leader, is credited with saying that his party will carry the state, providing they have a fair count. This is rather a remarkable statecount. This is rather a remarkable statement from such an astute politician, in view of the fact that the entire election machinery of the state is in the hands of the democratic party, and it is scarcely to be expected that their election officials will, in a fit of peculiar humor, count out their own candidates.

The Supreme Court today handed down several decisions, all, however, of minor importance. In the case of the American Sugar Refining Co. agt. the state of Louisiana, brought up on a writ of error from the supreme court of Louisiana, which in-

own candidates.

The democrats are making strenuous attempts to defeat Dr. Ball, who is running for the long term in Congress, one of their hopes being that the Addicks men will oppose him on the ground that in case of the election of two democratic United States senators and the election of Mr. Mc-Kinley, that he, Dr. Ball, would dispense the patronage of the state among his own political clique, leaving the Addicks men out in the cold. By Assoriated Press.

WILMINGTON, Del., November 5.-Th day before the election finds both parties confident in their claims of Delaware. A confident in their claims of Delaware. A reasonable prediction, however, is that the electoral vote will go to McKinley, and that the republicans and democrats will divide the state and county nominees. On account of republican factional divisions and the arrangement of the districts the democrats are alrest certain.

They Must Be Given to the Public Without Discrimination.

CHICAGO, November 5.-Judge Vail of the state circuit court today decided that Many Departures From the War board of trade quotations must be given to the public without discrimination. The temporary injunction against the board of trade, restraining it from withholding its market quotations from the central grain and stock exchange, is made perpetual. Sixty days are allowed the attorneys for

the board to prepare a bill of exceptions to be carried before the appellate court.

In the strict sense of the term, the court finds that the central grain and stock exchange is not a bucket shop, the records brought into court showing that grain, although in small amounts, had been ac-tually received and delivered. Under the decision the board must furnish its quotations to any interest asking for them, as-suming that they are to be legally used. The board, the court holds, is not a proper judge of the legality of the use, that being a matter for the consideration of the criminal court. Should the court find a concern receiving the board quotations to be a bucket shop, the board may then, un-der the Illinois statutes, withhold the quo-

DEATH OF MRS. H. B. LOWRY. Wife of the Well-Known Marine Of-

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

ROCKVILLE, Md., November 5.-Mrs Charlotte H. Lowry, wife of Major Horatio B. Lowry, U. S. M. C., retired, died at her residence here about 4 o'clock this morning of pneumonia. She was taken ill about two weeks ago, but there was improvemen in her condition which gave her family and friends grounds to hope she would recover A sudden change for the worse ensued however, with the result stated.

Mrs. Lowry was fifty-seven years old and had endeared herself to the community. where she became a resident about twelve years ago, by her womanly attributes and her broad and liberal charity. Her death has proved to be a sorrowful shock to a wide circle. She is survived by Major wide circle. She is survived by Major Lowry and three daughters—Mrs. Samuel Riggs, Mrs. Robert Peter and Miss Minnie Lowry.
The funeral will take place Wednesday

afternoon at 2:30 o'clock. The intermen will be at the Rockville cemetery.

RULED OUT BY LORD MAYOR.

Proposition to Honor Kruger Before DUBLIN, November 5.-Amidst considerable excitement the lord mayor, at a meeting of the corporation today, ruled out of order a resolution to confer the freedom of the city on former President Kruger of th South Africa republic.

RECEIVED WITH ENTHUSIASM.

Toronto Welcomes Troops Returned

From the Transvanl. TORONTO, November 5.-The Toronto oldiers of the South African contingent returned here today and were received with tremendous enthusiasm. Miles of streets were profusely decorated with bunting and the national colors, the local regiments and patriotic associations turned out en masse and the procession was through crowds so dense that traffic was suspended for hours. The scenes at the depot on the arrival of the train carrying the soldiers were beyond description, and altogether the demonstra-tion counts as one of the most notable in the history of the city.

New Home of Roofing Experts. Larger and more convenient quarters have been taken by Grafton & Son, the roofing experts, at No. 714 9th street north. west, where they will continue the straightforward methods and give the same close attention to business as heretofore, and have greatly enlarged facilities for con-ducting their rapidly increasing trade.

CHIEF DEVERY INDICTED.

Accused by McCullagh of Interfering in Election Matters. NEW YORK, November 5.-It is reported that Chief of Police Devery has been in-

dicted by the grand jury for alleged intererence with State Superintendent of Elections John McCullagh. At half-past 2 o'clock he hurried from po-

lice headquarters, saying as he did so:
"They're crazy. They're crazy. McCullagh has had me indicted for interfering with him in the election business."

QUESTION OF VOTERS' RIGHTS.

McCullagh and Devery Differ About

Making Arrests. It developed today that the difference between Chief of Police Devery and State Superintendent of Elections McCullagh are due to a dispute as to the right of a challenged man to swear in his vote if a state deputy wishes to arrest him. Mr. Devery claims that neither the state deputy nor a city policeman has the right to make an arrest until after the vote has been cast. Mr. McCullagh holds that it is the purpose of the law to prevent casting of an illegal ballot and that the arrest should be made even without a warrant before the chal-lenged man votes.

Chief Devery said today that he would assist in every way in sending a man to prison who may be arrested after voting.

prison who may be arrested after voting. Chief Devery also said:
"I'm going to see that the right of every voter is protected if I can do it. I do not anticipate any trouble of any sort. During the last two years we have had no trouble, and will not have any this year."

FUNERAL OF WM. L. STRONG.

Delegations Present From Leading New York Organizations. NEW YORK, November 5.-Funeral serices over the remains of the late ex-Mayor Wm. L. Strong were conducted today at St. Thomas Church, the Right Rev.

Bishop Potter officiating. Among the members of the immediate family were Mrs. Strong, the widow; Major Putnam Bradloe Strong and Mr. and Mrs. Shattuck. Others present were Mayor Van Wyck, former Mayor Abram S. Hewitt, former Mayor Charles H. Schieren of Brooklyn and former Mayor Wm. R. Grace. The pallbearers were Oscar S. Strans, former minister to Turkey: Secretary of War Root, Anson G. McCook, Seth Low, Charles S. Fairchild, John Claffin, A. D. Charles S. Fairchild, John Claffin, A. D. Juilliard, W. A. Wheelock and O. B. Yard-

Frederick B. Tappen, president of the Union League Club, headed a delegation of Seventy from that club, and there were delegations present from the St. John's Gulld, the Merchauts' Association, the Business Men's Sound Money League, the City Club, the officers and trustees of the New York Life Insurance Company, the Ohio Society, of which the deceased was one of the founders; the Central National Bank and W. L. Strong & Co. The interment was in the family plot at Woodlawn.

IN THE SUPREME COURT. " ... No Decisions of General Importance

The Supreme Court today handed down volved the right of the state of Louisiania to exempt from the operation of a general license tax on manufacturers, planters and farmers who refine their own product, the court affirmed the decision of the lower court, holding that it had been the policy of both the states and the general government to enact legislation in favor of home products. The court announced that Jus-tice White, who comes from Louisiana, did not participate in the decision. In the case of Thomas C. Andrews agt.

the United States, in which the claimant claimed the value of certain cattle taken by the Indians, for which the Court of Claims gave judgment, the court affirmed the decision of the Court of Claims. The case of George W. Crossman agt. William Burrill, arising over a question of denurrage claimed in connection with the shipment of a cargo from Pensacola, Flä. to Rio de Janeiro during the revolution in Brazil, was remanded to the district court

of the trial of certain issues.

The case of Mitchell agt. First National Bank of Chicago, argued earlier in the fall without a full bench, was assigned for reargument December 3.

NOT AT THEIR DESKS TODAY.

and Navy Building. The great interest taken in the result of the election by the employes of the State, War and Navy Department is shown by the fact that nearly all of the number entitled to vote have gone to their homes for that purpose. The exodus of clerks in the War Department is unusually heavy, over 300 having secured leave for that purpose. There is not, however, a very noticeable absence of higher officials from their desks today for the reason that very few of the officers in the two military branches of the government take advantage of the elective

franchise, the theory being that army and naval officers are "out of politics."

Secretary Hay is at his desk, as usual. Being a resident of the District he has no vote. Secretaries Root and Long, however, are not so handicapped. Each of them will re not so handicapped. Each of them will vote the straight republican ticket tomorrow, the War Secretary at his home in New York and the naval Secretary at Hingham, Mass. At least it was Secretary Long's intention, when he left for Colorado to reach his Massachusetts home partment will vote in Nebraska, where they are now engaged in active campaign work.

Mr. Van Dyne, assistant solicitor of the
State Department, has gone to his home in
New York to vote. Assistant Secretary
Cridler will vote at Harper's Ferry, W. Va., and Assistant Secretary Hackett of the Navy Department will vote at Newcastle, N. H.

SENATOR DAVIS BETTER.

Had a Comfortable Night and Rested Well This Morning. ST. PAUL, Minn., November 5.-Senator Cushman K. Davis, chairman of the foreign relations committee of the United

States Senate, passed a comfortable night and was resting well this morning. His condition seemed improved.

Dr. J. B. Murphy of Chicago arrived here today and consulted with the regular physicians in attendance upon the senator. A thorough examination was made of the foot. It was decided to perform another operation, but that it will not be necessary to amputate. The operation was performed

this afternoon.

Senator Davis during the morning dictated a long letter to be read at the clos-ing campaign railies in this city tonight. Many inquiries came from all directions, especially from officials and diplomats at Washington, but the physicians say there is no question of the senator's complete and speedy recovery.

HANGED HERSELF.

Had Been Crased by the Crime of the

Man She Loved. CHICAGO, November 5.-Word was received here today that Miss Ella Wright of this city, a patient at an Elgin (Ill.) asylum, had committed suicide Sunday by hanging herself with her bed oothing. She was a portrait painter and had been employed by Lutz Brothers of Chicago. It is said she was in love with one of the partners, who shot the other during a quarrel. The tragedy is alleged to have

been the cause of her insanity. Charles

E. Lutz, during a dispute over money mat-ters, shot and seriously wounded his brother, Alfred D. Lutz, and shot the lat-ter's wife dead on March 2. He was con-victed in June and is now in the Joliet penitentiary serving a life sentence NEW YORK, November 5.-Among the passengers on board the steamer La Tourwere Joseph Spencer Kennard, com missioner of the United States to the Paris exposition; J. P. Pioda, minister from Switzerland to the United States, and Baron

and Baroness Selliere.

TWO PREDICTIONS

Feeling at Both Political Headquarters.

WHAT THE DEMOCRATS CLAIM Perfect Confidence of the Repub-

MR. HEATH'S STATEMENT

vican Leaders.

Special From a Staff Correspondent.

CHICAGO, November 5.-Election eve finds the two great political parties of the nation resting on the work they have performed, and awaiting the judgment of the American people at the polls tomorrow. The active work of the campaign was fin-

ished several days ago, and since that time there has been a rounding off of sharp corners and a general and last appeal to voters. Today The Star correspondent visited democratic headquarters. Chairman Jones said he was confident of the outcome, but his words lacked the enthusiastic ring of four years ago, when he predicted that Bryan would sweep the country. All of the great Bryanite leaders told The Star correspondent of their entire confidence in the outcome of tomorrow's election. With Indiana, Illinois, New York, Kentucky and Maryland claimed as certain for Bryan, they see little chance for his defeat. The they see little chance for his defeat. The democrats are willing to concede that California is doubtful, that there is a chance for republican success in South Dakota and Washington, and they predict that the popular vote for Bryan this year will far exceed that of four years ago. They do not state specifically the reasons why New York will go democratic, dismissing the subject with the argument that the unification of democracy in the city and state surely means that Bryan will be successful there. In Indiana they claim that the return of In Indiana they claim that the return of the gold democrats and the dissatisfaction among the laboring element of the state, together with the strength of the anti-imperialists, will give Bryan the electoral vote. Kentucky they will not discuss, beyond say-ing that the governorship may be in doubt, but there can be no doubt that the different democratic factions are harmonious in supporting Bryan. In Illinois they depend upon the cry which was raised by Bryan, the cry of the masses against the classes, and they believe that they have scored that point, and done it well. They believe that the division in Illinois is that of the common people against the plutocracy, and that the common people being in overwhelming majority, in Chicago particularly, will pre-vail. Chairman Jones reiterates his belief that Ohio wifl go democratic, and says in support of this belief that the returns from the large population centers of Ohlo indi-cate that there will be overwhelming changes in favor of the democrats. He as-serts, further, that the Jones vote, which serts, further, that the Jones vote, which cut so large a figure in the Nash-McLean campaign will come in a body to Bryan, and he disputes emphatically the republican claim that the farmer vote will overcome that, defection, his, reports showing that these gains are of a very questionable character. Upon this, he bases his belief that the McKinley majority of nearly 50,000 will be wiped out. In Maryland the gold democrats are again claimed by the national chairman, notwithstanding the reports to the contrary, which have been generally the contrary, which have been generally credited. He; furthermore insists that Senator Gorman's part, although quiet, has been an effective que, and that the result will be felt when the votes are cast tomorrow. The failure of the republican national convention in its platform to indorse the re-enactment of the Geary law—the Chinese exclusion law—has made Chairman Jones confident that California will reverse its de-

confident that California will reverse its de-cision of four years ago, and cast its full electoral year for Bryan. "All the coast is afire," he says, "with excitement, and with the fear that the, republicans may have come to the conclusion that the exclusion of the Chinese is not worth while, the point which has been taken advantage of by the democrats, whose platform speaks upon that subject." Furthermore, he says there has been a court decision in California, practically declaring that a Chinaman now a clitzen or a resident of one of the Amera cilizen or a resident of one of the Amer-ican colonies would have the right to enter California unchallenged, and this decision Chairman Jones says has added sufficient

fuel to the fire to cause a consuming con-Confidence at Republican Hendquar-

In marked comparison to the apparent struggle to be hopeful at democratic headquarters, is the smiling confidence and almost complete assurance of the party leaders at republican headquarters. They are certain that President McKinley will be elected. They are confident he will receive more votes in the electoral college than he did four years ago, and are ready to re-ceive the judgment of the American people, which they confidently believe, to quote Vice Chairman Payne, "Will be a landslide for McKinley and Roosevelt."

The republicans believe that Kentucky

will cast its electoral vote for with the proviso, which they always put in, that the republican votes are counted. They are as firmly convinced that Indiana and Illinois will go republican as they are that Pennsylvania will be for McKinley. They have the assurance from the best politicians in their respective states that Kansas, Colorado, Washington, Washington, Marchine Marchine South Policies will Wyoming, Maryland and South Dakota will be for McKinley. Some of the republican managers claim Nebraska. The conserva-tive ones think there is a doubt. But figure as you will, the republicans will show you a slate which will positively, they say elect McKinley. Chairman Hanna has no doubt of the outcome in New York. He be-lieves that Indiana and Illinois are abso-

lutely safe and he is as certain as a man can possibly be before the vote is counted that McKinley will be elected. Secretary Heath is prepared to show how the republicans can lose New York, In-diana, Kentucky and Maryland and still be successful. He can give you figures and back them up with arguments that are wellnigh convincing. This feeling of absolute security as to the

This feeling of absolute security as to the outcome is shared by every member of the republican executive committee. In their heart-to-heart talks not one has ever ventured the opinion that there was the slightest doubt of the success of McKinley and Roosevelt. Today they are giving a final touch to their work. It has been an arduous campaign, much harder than one imagines, but they seem to have enjoyed every moment of it and are only waiting for the congratulations tomorrow night. the congratulations tomorrow night.

Secretary Heath's Statement. Secretary Perry S. Heath today issued

the following signed statement: "There is nothing that is absolutely certain in politics. There is always some element of doubt. Perfectly fine or extreme inclement, weather, for instance, may increase the wote for one party or decrease the wote for another party. A tidal wave of reaction on issues, it is barely possible, might-occur during the last few hours intervening immediately before or during election. Therefore a statement from any source that one or the other party is atsolutely certain of success of certain proportions would be unwise. I feel, however, as certain as I have ever been of anything in my life, that the number of electors for McKinley selected at the polis next Tuesday will be no less than in 1895. Four years ago Bryan carried the states of Washington, South Dakota, Kansai, wroming and secured one of the electors in California. McKinley and Roosevelt, thing topinion, are as certain to get all of the electors in those states on next Tuesday as they are to carry the states of Ohio, Connecticut, New Jersey, or any other state scheduled as 'certainly republican.' President McKinley carried Kentucky four years ago, and while I feel that in Kentucky at least 10,000 more votes will be cast for him this year than four years ago, the state should be regarded as doubtful. I say doubtful simply because I believe the democrats have organized to count the state for Bryan, no matter how great a vote may be cast for McKinley. In Kentucky it is simply a question of how far, under the conditions of circumstances, the democrats will care to go in the direction of the federal pententiary in order to count the state for their favorite. In that state feeling runs so high on account of local issues that the national question is largely overlooked, although at republican national committee headquarters here and at the headquarters of the republican state committee at Louis-"There is nothing that is absolutely certain in politics. There is always some

ville it is confidently believed the state stands good for at least 10,000 majority for the national ticket. Eliminating Ken-tucky from the contest and placing Mary-land in the doubtful column, eliminating that state. if you please, McKinley will tand in the doubtful column, eliminating that state, if you please, McKinley will certainly carry a sufficient number of the states swept by Bryan four years ago to make his electoral vote up to the mark of 1898.

make his electoral vote up to the mark of 1896.

"The deathbed claim of the Bryanite party of New York, Indiana and Illinois is simply a matter of following the usual practice of claiming everything in sight. The republican conditions in these states are far better this year than four years ago, with the possible exception of Greater New York, where Croker has been making a personal management, determined to personal management, determined to naintain control of Tammany and the city organization, whereas four years ago he openly showed his feeling toward Bryan and his indifference as to the result by remaining with his race horse stables in

remaining with his race horse stables in England.

General Felix Agnus, publisher and editor of the Baltimore American, who has not been enthusiastic in his support of the present national administration, and who has taken an active part in the factional republican complications in Maryland, teletaken an active part in the factional republican complications in Maryland, telephoned me late this afternoon that Maryland would give McKinley electors not less than 15,000 plurality, aithough he was inclined to believe that the republican plurality would exceed 20,000. West Virginia, which has been claimed by the Bryanites during the past few days for some unexplainable reason, is in my opinion as certainly republican, both for the electors and the legislature on joint ballot, as is the state of Ohio. The only state that I would take out of the McKinley column of four years of Ohio. The only state that I would take out of the McKinley column of four years ago and place on the doubtful side of the ledger is Kentucky, and that state only for the reason that the infamous Goebel election law gives the Bryantes an opportunity that they have not up to this time refused to accept for the perpetration of outrages upon the ballot.

Mr. Bryan's Shiftiness. Mr. Bryan's shiftiness during the campaign, attempting to make one issue serve two purposes by pushing it forward in one section of the country and suppressing it in another; his determination to deceive the people and to not meet in the open fairly and squarely this question which the voters themselves have declared to be paramount have injured him during the past mayor of Toledo, who has taken the stump for Bryan, has a following. It seems reasonable to suppose that he will lead some of his republican followers to vote for Bryan. Cleveland is involved in the republican factional fight in the twentieth congressional district, in which Hanna and anti-Hanna lines are being pretty sharply drawn. It is a bad mix-up, and seems likely now to result in the defeat of J. A. Beidler, the regular republican nominee for few days. In the west he has claimed that the free and unlimited coinage of silver is with him the leading issue, while in the east he has frequently declined to say that he would pay government obligations in sil-ver or that he would advocate at his extraordinary session of Congress the adoption of a free silver bill, while in the west he has intimated that such was his purpose. In the west, however, the people have not forgotten that Mr. Bryan has declared imperialism (which is an impossibility in any republic) to be the paramount issue. In the labor centers of the central states Mr. Bryan's remedy for "smashing the trusts," Bryan's remedy for "smashing the trusts," that of placing all trust made good upon the free list, has almost ruined him with wage earners. They realize that this is but another method of obtaining free trade which would wreck all of our industrial, commercial and farming interests. This is made absolutely certain when Mr. Bryan has repeatedly in the central states defined trusts as being an aggregation of capital in any form for manufacturing and other purposes. Thus he would declare all manufacturing corporations to be trusts and would place all manufactured articles possible to elect Beidler in the present situation. On the whole, the city of Cleveland cannot be counted upon for more than 2,000 or 3,000 republican plurality. In 1896 it gave McKinley over 9,000 plurality. In Toledo McKinley had over 3,000 plurality four years ago. It is likely that Mayor Jones' influence will materially reduce it this year. Cincinnati gave 19,000 republican plurality in 1896. The registration is very light there this year—light, compared with other cities, and only about 4,000 in excess of that of 1896. The republicans are not claiming more than 11,000 plurality there this year. In this city the and would place all manufactured articles

and would place all manufactured articles and the raw material from which they were produced on the free list.

My personal opinion is that the electoral vote of President McKinley will be larger than four years ago, and that his reelection will be by an electoral vote as much larger than four years ago as the states enumerated above which were carried in 1886 will aggregate with their electoral 1896 will aggregate with their electoral votes, minus the probability of the execution of the design to count Kentucky for

SENATOR HANNA'S LAST SPEECH. Made to Workmen in South Chicago Steel Works.

CHICAGO, November 5 .- Senator Hanna, hairman of the republican national committee, made his last speech of the campaign at noon today, addressing several thousand railway employes and steel workers at South Chicago. When a special train South Chicago the whistles of all the big mills there were blown and large crowds gathered at the depot to extend a welcome Accompanying the senator was Richard Yates, the republican candidate for governor of Illinois.
At 5:30 p.m. Senator Hanna will leave on

seems quite certain that the plurality given McKinley in this state in 1896-51.000-will be increased to some extent this year-how much depending upon the extent that the influences adverse to the republicans. at work in the cities, will affect their interests. The probability is that the state will give a republican plurality of from 55,000 to 70,000.

The republicans are sure to elect fourteen representatives, and the democrats four. Three districts—the third, twelfth and twentieth—are in doubt. the Lake Shore road for Cleveland, where he will vote tomorrow, after which he will go to Canton to be the guest of the Presi-dent.

CALM BEFORE THE STORM. Kentucky May Take a Landslide

Either Way. LOUISVILLE, Ky., November 5.-With a quiet that is almost painful, the democrats and republicans throughout Kentucky today rested on their oars and awaited the opening of the polls tomorrow. Both sides continue to claim decisive victory and a andslide either way need not be surpris-

Conditions have so changed and party lines have been so shattered since the last general election, that any forecast as to the outcome in this state is practically of no value. The weather is perfect all over the state and the indications are that the biggest vote ever polled in the state will be cast.

SITUATION IN MINNESOTA.

Republicans Sure of National Ticket-Lind Has a Chance. ST. PAUL, November 5.-There was to day no change in the figures given by the state committee of the two parties in Minnesota Saturday night. The republicans claim the state for McKinley by a large majority, while the democrats only claim a close vote on President. Both parties express confidence in the result of the fight for governor. Railroad commissioners are also claimed by both parties, but the rest of the state ticket and the legislature probably will be republican, but the democrats claim gains. Republicans claim all seven congressmen, but the democrats confident-ly expect to elect two, and perhaps three.

GETTING THE VOTERS IN LINE. Both Sides in Missouri Confident of

Winning the State. ST. LOUIS, November 5.-Today was spent drawing together the loose ends of the campaign and getting the voters in line for the final effort tomorrow. J. M. Seibert and Thomas J. Akins, chairmen, respectively, of the democratic and republican state committees, reiterate the predictions made last night and their respective followers ex press the utmost confidence.

If the present pleasant weather continues the vote cast tomorrow in St. Louis and throughout the state will be heavy.

Harry S. New's Prediction. pecial Dispatch to The Evening Star.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., November 5 .- Following is a summary of the prediction of Harry S. New, Indiana republican national committeeman:

McKinley will carry all the states he did n 1896, with the possible exception of Kentucky. In addition, he will carry Kansas South Dakota, Washington and Wyoming, and will gain one electoral vote in Califor nia, and he possibly will carry Nebraska Utah and Nevada.

McKinley will receive at least 281 electo ral votes, and may receive 302. McKinley will carry Indiana by a larger plurality than in 1896, possibly between 35,000 and 40,000.

35,000 and 40,000.

The republicans will carry both branches of the indiana legislature.

The republicans will carry the nine congressional districts now represented by republicans in Indiana, and may secure a solid delegation by a landelide similar to that of 1896.

Charges of fraud are freely made this afternoon by both parties, and many secure.

afternoon by both parties, and many ar-rests are promised. The republicans have secured a warrant for John Banks, a colored democrat, accusing him of seeking to buy an original ballot for endless chain vote buying from Wesley Bridges, a colored election official.

THE OHIO OUTLOOK FINANCE AND TRADE

ESTIMATE OF THE PROBABLE PLU-

but Will Gain Largely in

Country Districts.

ing from the registration and the interest

manifested in the election in the closing

weeks of the campaign, about one million

votes will be polled in Ohio tomorrow. Of

these, probably less than 40,000 will be

cast for minor party candidates. They, of

course, need not be considered in estimating

the result. No intelligent person here ex-

pects that Bryan will carry the state.

though the democrats claim that they have

a chance to win, and point to the election

of 1892, the campaign preceding which re-

sembled the present one somewhat. The

for McKinley is variously expressed. Few

republican politicians place it below 50,000

republican politicians place it below 50,000, and the most of them go far above that figure. Some even put it at 100,000.

When the republicans are asked to explain how they figure it, they are generally found to be getting their results by intuition, and basing their confidence upon the fact that Ohio is a pretty reliable republican state in national elections. There are

some uncertainties in the Ohio situation which will bear study. Of course, a large registration and other indications that the

voters are interested are, in a strong re-publican state, favorable to the republi-

Will Lose in the Cities.

But in the cities, where the registration

is required by law, the republicans are like-

ly to lose severely. They concede that their

vote in the cities is likely to show a loss

from that of 1896. There are many rea-

sons for this. In the first place, it is in the

cities that S. M. Jones, the "golden rule"

mayor of Toledo, who has taken the stump

Beidler, the regular republican nominee for

Congress, in that strong republican district. Governor Nash said to The Star correspondent, after a campaign trip through the dis-

trict, that he could not see how it was possible to elect Beidler in the present sit-

plurality there this year. In this city the

involving of a republican municipal administration in a series of scandals has disgusted the party and demoralized the organization. It seems hardly possible, under

the circumstances, that the remarkably high mark set by McKinley here in 1896—a

Increase in the Rural Districts.

But to meet this threatened loss of from

15,000 to 18,000 votes in the cities, the re-

publicans can reasonably expect an in-

crease of from 20,000 to 25,000 votes in the

country district. The trend of change of

The Postmaster General Gives the Re-

sult of His Observations.

Postmaster General Charles Emory

Smith returned to Washington today, and

tomorrow will go to Philadelphia to vote.

At Newark, N. J., Saturday night he closed

a campaign tour that stretched over the

Speaking of the outlook, Mr. Smith said

"I have personally visited and partici-

pated in the campaign in eleven different

states, including practically all of the con-

tested states. I have found everywhere a

steady trend to McKinley, and my personal

observation leads me to believe that there will be well-nigh a landslide for the re-election of the President. The electoral vote will be about 284, with two or three states still doubtful. I have not been in In-

diana for three weeks, but I formed the conviction then that the state was surely republican, and I am now advised that the situation since has been growing steadily better. I have no doubt that New York

will give not less than 100,000 plurality for McKinley. I have been in the interior of the state as well as in New York city, and the interior will roll up a great plurality

which the most adverse results in New

Which the most averse results in New York city cannot possibly overturn. Dela-ware will give its electoral vote for Mc-Kinley. West Virginia will be republican by a plurality greater than four years ago. It will be 15,000 or upward. In Illinois the

situation has changed from one of doub

Betting in Indianapolis.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., November 5.-Chas.

H. Pierce of St. Louis, a wealthy distiller, has bet \$1,000 against \$10,000 with a man

in this city that Bryan will carry New

York, Indiana and Illinois. The bet was

placed at the Grand Hotel.

W. A. Holt, manager of the Grand Hotel, insists that the bet of half a million to \$100,000 was placed, and that the certified checks are in a safe in this city. The parties to the bet have instructed him to keep

Grain, Provisions and Cotton Markets.

Baltimore Markets.

BALTIMORE, Md., November 5.—Flour quiet-western super, \$2.35a\$2.45; western extra, \$2.55a\$2.45; western extra, \$2.55a\$2.45; western extra, \$2.55a\$2.45; western extra, \$2.55a\$2.45; western family, \$3.30a\$3.60; winter wheat patent, \$3.80.44; spring wheat patent, \$3.85a\$4.10; spring wheat straight, \$3.75a\$3.85—receipts, 20.761 barrels; exports, 623 barrels. Wheat firmer—spot and the month, 72%a72½; December, 74a74½; May, 80a80½; steamer No. 2 red, 69½a70—receipts, 44, 108 bushels; exports, none—southern by sample, 66a spot, old, 44½a43%; new, 43½; the month, old, 44½a44½; new, 43½; atometer or December, new or old, 41½a41½; January, 41a41½; February, 41½a1½; steamer mixed, 40%a40½—receipts, 151.579 bushels: exports, none—southern white corn, 43½a45; southern yellow corn, 44a45. Oats firm—No. 2 white, 25½a27; No. 2 mixed, 24½a25—receipts, 16.983 bushels; exports, none. Hay steady—No, 1 timothy, \$16.50. Grain freights rather quiet, rates steady—steam to Liverpool, per functier, 13s. 40.438. 10½d. November-December. Butter firm nd unchanged—fancy imitation, 18a19; fancy creamery, 22; fancy ladde, 17; good ladle, 16; sore packed, 13a15. Regs firm and unchanged—fresh, 19a20. Cheese steady and unchanged—fresh, 19a20.

Baltimore Markets.

to one of assurance and certainty. plurality will be not less than 75,000."

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

placed at the Grand Hotel.

CHICAGO, November 5.—Grain:
Open. High.
Wheat—Dec 74½ 74½
Jan 75 75-½
Corn—Dec 35½ 35½
Jan 35% 35%
Oats—Dec 22 22-½
CHICAGO, November 5.—Provision
Open. High.

CHICAGO, November 5.—Provisions
Open. High.
Pork—Jan. 11.39 11.32
Lard—Jan. 6.75 6.75
Ribs—Jan. 6.02 6.05
NEW YORK, November 5.—Cotton:
Open. High.
November 8.98 9.06
December 9.02 9.08
January 9.01 9.10
March 9.03 9.12

greater part of September and October.

today:

republicans are confident, and the plurality

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

Business Fairly Large in View of RALITY FOR MCKINLEY. Tomorrow's Holiday. Republicans Will Lose in the Cities.

CONFIDENCE ON THE STOCK EXCHANGE

COLUMBUS, Ohio, November 5.-Judg- No Impression on Prices Made by the Campaign.

GENERAL MARKET REPORTS

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star.

NEW YORK, November 5.-Opening prices this morning reflected gains extending to one-half per cent in nearly all parts of the active list. London sent over a higher range of prices, but traded only in moderate amounts. The volume of business was fairly large, in view of tomorrow's hol iday, and commission houses were buyers of moderate amounts. There was no liquidation worthy of consideration, and strength of the market was everywhere discussed as being a most unusual expression of confidence in values.

The strength was not confined to the high-grade investment shares, but the industrial list was almost a dominating influence in the advance. The Steel shares were well bought and responded easily to the demand. The prospects for large con-tracts and the fixing of a permanent divi-dend rate on the common shares have en-couraged a demand in this group, such as has not been seen in months. has not been seen in months. Federal Steel, American Steel and Wire,

Pressed Steel Car and, in fact, the whole group, showed a steady demand. The older industrials, Sugar and Tobacco, were in better demand than usual, and much comment on early and favorable development was heard in quarters usually well in formed.

On the curb Standard Oil advanced to record prices, and interests identified with that company were said to be buying in all parts of the market. The low-priced railway shares made new records in a few railway shares made new records in a few instances and round amounts changed hands under steadily advancing quotations. Atchison issues were especially strong and the entire Pacific group showed a wonderfully strong undertone. The grangers sold at the highest points recently recorded and were in excellent demand.

There was absolutely no evidence in the action of the market that the financial homeon is even threatened by a cloud. Stocked

zon is even threatened by a cloud. Stocks were perhaps never made to reflect the political confidence of their owners in any-thing like the degree recorded during the

final hour today.

The prospects for a sustained advance after the elections have been decreased to the extent that the best has already been liberally discounted.

Th money market was forced up to 25 per cent during the mornin, but the advance folled to make an impression on the price

falled to make an impression on the price movement. The advance had been expected and was therefore devoid of any alarming symptoms.

The demand for stocks for both accounts the close of business.

was good right up to the close of business. The predictions of some shrewd observers have falled to materialize, and not a single conventional event has marked the closing of the market on the eve of the elections. Precedent has been ignored and the camtiment than any similar event in recent years.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL. New York Stock Market.

political sentiment among the farmers of Furnished by W. B. Hibbs & Co., bankers and brokers, 1419 F st., members New York Ohio has been steadily in favor of the re-publicans since better times came after 1896. Governor Nash secured over 25,000 plurality last fall in rural districts that stock exchange, correspondents Messrs. Ladenburg, Thalmann & Co., New York Bryan carried. In view of this, it would Open, High. Low. Close. seem that rural Ohio would save the state for McKinley, even though urban Ohio should go for Bryan. In any event, it seems quite certain that the plurality given

American Spirits.

American Nobacco 9714 99 974 98
Atchison 9214 725 3274 349 8274 3274
Atchison 961 742 75 7614 774
Baltimore & Ohio 761 761 761 761 7614
Brooklyn Rauld Transit. 6214 6228 62 62 Canada Southern. 52% 62% 62 Chesapeare & Obio. 3094 811, 3034 C., C. C. & St. Louis. 63 633, 633 Chicago, B. & Q. 129 130 129 Chic. & Northwestern. 16394 1639, 163 Chicago Gas. 1939 194 954, 94 C., M. and St. Paul. 1162, 118 11634 Chicago, R. I. & Pacific. 110 1101/4 1091/4 Chic. St. P. M. & O.

Chic. & G. Western 12 12% 12 12%

Consolidated 4as 174 174% 173% 17834 Del. Lack. & Western.
Delaware & Hudson. 1134 1134 1134 1134 1134 1134 1134
 Lake Shore
 763
 774
 763

 Louisville & Nashville
 763
 774
 763

 Metropolitan Traction
 1593
 160
 1593

 Mannattan Slevated
 971
 981
 971

 Missouri Paelific
 56
 57
 559

 M., K. & T., pfd
 32
 325
 32
 Lake She M., K. & T., pfd.

National Lead Co.

New Jersey Central.

New York Central.

Northern Pacific.

Northern Pacific.

Northern Pacific.

Pacific Mail.

Pacific Mail.

Phila. & Reading. 1st.

Southern Kallway.

Southern Kallway.

France Pacific.

Tenn. Coal and Iron.

Union Pacific.

Union Pacific.

Union Pacific.

U. S. Leather pfd.

U. S. Leather.

U. S. Leather.

Wabash, pfd.

Western Union Tel.

Pennsylvania R. R.

Bouthern Pacific.

Sales-regular call—12 o'clock m.—Washington Traction and Electric 4½s, \$1,000 at 63¼, \$1,000 at 63¼, \$1,000 at 63¼, \$2,000 at 63¼, \$1,000 at 63¾.

Washington Stock Exchange.

Sales—regular call—12 o'clock m.—Washington 1534, \$1,000 at 634, \$2,000 at 634, \$1,000 at 6354, \$2,000 at 6354, \$1,000 at 6354, \$2,000 at 6354, \$1,000 at 6354, \$2,000 at 1024, \$2 at 1024, \$2 at 1024, \$2 at 1025, \$2 at 1290, \$10 at 1895, \$

cents registered, 1908-1928. cents, coupon, 1908-1928. cents, registered, 1907. cents. coupon, 1907. cents, registered, 1925.